RUDE BOY

Stamma Ray Gange The clash



Joe Strummer Munic mitten by:

Mick Jones

Produced + directed by: Jack Hazan

A Michael William David Mingay A Michael White Presentation

FROM ATLANTIC RELEASING (© 19

RUDE

Rude: simple, unsophisticated, uncivilised = medincated .==

Four hundred years ago there were uses of the words rude boys, roaring boys, and punks to describe clans or fashions in the underworld. Rude boys were country boys or innocents who came up to town and fell into the ways of the criminal world and tavern life. The upper classes used the name to describe the threatening behaviour (to them) of outspoken and possibly violent louts or common people.

Rude boy passed out of use in England, but survived in Jamaican english. In his youth in the late sixties Bob Marley joined a style of reggae songs called Rude Boy or Rudi songs, "My first songs were rude boy songs, I did six or seven of them before Rastafari showed me the error of the ideas of the rude boys" His song 'Rudi' from 1967 is featured in the film:

They fight against the youth now, Rudi get stronger..."

These songs are taken up by The Clash in 'Rudie Can't Fail' and 'Safe European Home':

'Rudi come now from Jamaica Rudi get bail... Rudi Rudi Rudi Rudi Ru No one knows what the Rude Boy knows!

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RUDE BOY - The Cont



Singer/Rhythm Guitar



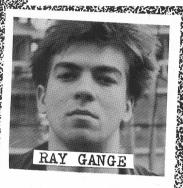
Lead Guitarist The Clash



Bass Guitar The Clash



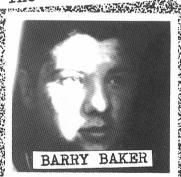
TOPPER HEADON
Drummer
The Clash



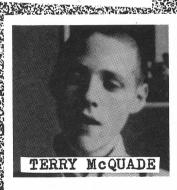
Unemployed



Road Manager The Clash



Drum Roadie The Clash



Ray's Mate



Suspect



Ray's Girlfriend



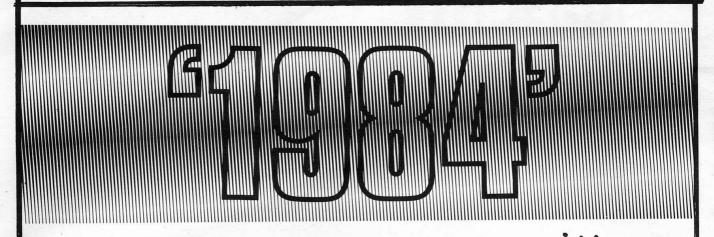
Suspect



Clash Representative

SPECIAL GUEST APPEARANCE: JIMMY PURSEY

with: Colin Richards, Colin Bucksey, Lee Parker, Inch Gordon, Kenny Joseph, Sarah Hall



"Until they become conscious they nill never rebel, and until after they have rebelled they cannot become conscious."

A few agents of the To keep them in control was not difficult. Thought Police moved always among them, spreading false rumours and marking down and eliminating the few individuals who were judged capable of becoming dangerous; but no attempt was made to indoctrinate them with the ideology of the Party. It was not desirable that the proles should have strong political feelings. All that was required of them was a primitive patriotism which could be appealed to whenever it was necessary to make them accept longer working hours or shorter rations. And even when they became discontented, as they sometimes did, their discontent led nowhere, because being without general ideas, they could only focus it on petty specific grievances. The larger evils invariably escaped their notice. The great majority of proles did not even Even the civil police interfered have telescreens in their homes. with them very little. There was a vast amount of criminality in London, a whole world-within-a-world of thieves, bandits, prostitutes, drug-peddlers, and racketeers of every description; but since it all happened among the proles themselves, it was of no importance. In all questions of morals they were allowed to follow their ancestral code. The sexual puritanism of the Party was not imposed upon them. Promiscuity went unpunished, divorce was permitted. For that matter, even religious worship would have been permitted if the proles had shown any sign of needing or They were beneath suspicion. As the Party slogan wanting it. 'Proles and animals are free.'



from: "1984" by George Orwell 1949



Don't look to US, has calling the Clash 1980 Phonen the dust London Calling the Clash Phonen the dust

Punk

'Swinging London' was one way of putting the youth revolution of the sixties. There seemed to be a golden future for youth, but Optimism declined in America when what about the next generation? youth was sent to Vietnam and even in England protest turned to As youthful freedom trouble in the last colony, Northern Ireland. came to be involved with drug usage, so its most powerful advocate, rock music, fell into decadence. Even war came to London with Irish bombs in the West End. Tower blocks and prices went up. Inflation made materialism a necessity for the ambitious. Youth unemployment became rather deserted and menacing by night. Modern architecture and modern ideas became became the question. The newspapers propagandised the horrors of New York. undermined.

A transplant was arranged. Basement New York white punk rock, totally despised and unrecognised outside Manhattan was smuggled into the receptive London club circuit. This white fast beat-poetry was to be commercialised in London - what the Beatles and Stones did for black R & B.

In the test tube of London clubs and cellars it met a generation with bitter and savage humour. They struggled with the artistic and commercial contradictions of this fusion. In the process they revitalised a sleazy London, and brought confidence and confusion to the working class youth. Middle class youth quickly proletarianised. The fusion met a surprising strength when it drew from something unavailable in New York - the reggae music of the West Indian minority, a lively underground scene with lines to Jamaica.

In America music polarized. Only commercialised mutations of true black jazz could mix with white rock. This produced on one hand homosexual disco from San Francisco, and on the other heavy metal Meanwhile black soul and funk melted into from Middle America. white ballads in the middle brow market.

In London true punk and true reggae fought together to be minority music unacceptable to the rest. Then the transplant met its own problems because of the extremism of the generation and the political situation in England.

A punk-disco fusion emerged later to be exported to America with the middle class Police, Elvis Costello and Joe Jackson. But the Sex Pistols overdosed. The original white punk/black reggae fusion The Clash survives and seems to resist surrender because of its working class consciousness.



- a synopsis

England 1978. The mood is of disillusion, economic decline, political failure. Fascists demonstrate in the street. The left-wing clash with the police and 'The Clash' take their struggle into the concert hall, spokesmen for a generation of despised, unemployed and aimless youth.

Ray Gange, unemployed and nineteen earns beer-money nights working in a Soho sex shop. He tries for a job with Joe Strummer, vocalist He counters Joe's revolutionary of 'The Clash' but is turned down. "Left-wing ideas with his own experience of the class system. is gonna fuck everybody up". But at an open air concert for 'Rock Against Rascism' he demonstrates his loyalty to 'The Clash'. After 'White Riot' he seizes the microphone and screams at the "More Clash". Order is quickly restored by the crowd to demand: left-wing stewards, and Ray is thrown off the stage. His point about political control seems to be proved. But his reward is a job as roadie on the next Clash tour overseen by chief roadie, Johnny Greenglasses.

On tour at the huge Glasgow Apollo, the young teenage audience is brutalised by over-zealous bouncers, spoiling for a fight. Ray is beaten up and Joe and Paul are arrested as they leave the concert hall.

The tour continues through Scotland. Ray questions and counsels Joe about his political aims. It is painfully obvious to both of them that 'The Clash' cannot aim the White Riot of punk underground in front of a large audience. At Glasgow the 'White Man only looking for Fun' met up with near-disaster, and as if to prove the point, Joe's terrorist act in Dunfermline goes over the heads of a friendly audience. In any case Joe is too afraid now for the safety of his fans. After the show Ray clears up the stage with the Clash drum roadie Baker, and tastes the compensations and complications of life on the road. The tour is drawing to its end.

Meanwhile in London black youths loiter around a South London bus stop. They are under observation on video monitors. The political climate has hardened in the run-up to an Election.

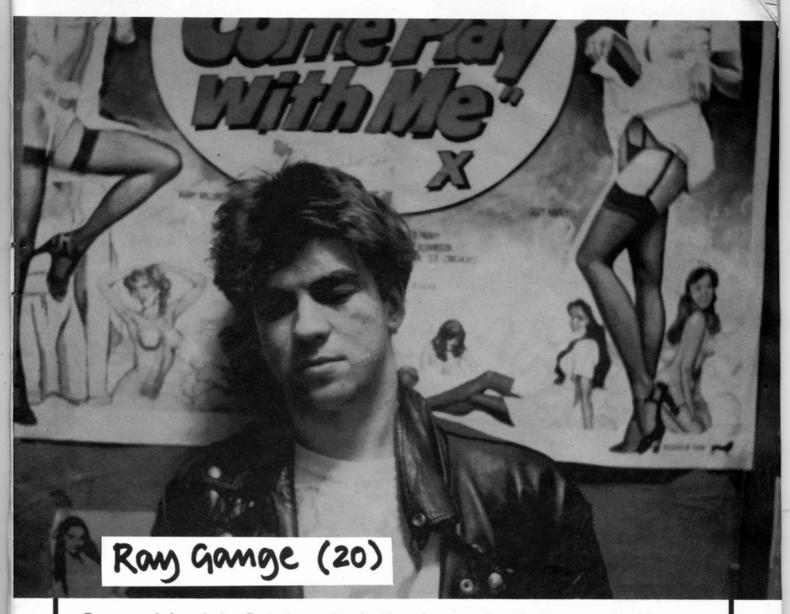
The Clash appear in court on a trivial and expensive charge of shooting racing pigeons and spend time in a recording studio. There, the roadies, Johnny and Baker laugh and reminisce about Ray: "D'you remember Ray?", and "I don't think he could take the loss of private life". Ray is back in the sex shop. He invades the studio to listen to Mick's song "Stay Free". The bus stop black youths are arrested.

As the group grow increasingly successful, Ray drifts embarrassingly around their orbit. Their stage songs have become slick and embittered.

Ray watches, and then goes after them on a new tour on a last desperate mission, jobless, to face the music.



Raytalksto Joe - John Snow



Born and bred in Brixton, Lambeth, from a South London family. His father is a taxi driver.

He went to Archbishop Tennyson's school, now comprehensive, where he says: "The headmaster interviewed you on the first day to decide from your accent whether to put you in the top or bottom class of your age group".

His first job on leaving school at sixteen was in an Insurance Office in the City. He lost this job when found in a drunken stupor in a corridor. He then worked variously in a record shop, a sex shop, briefly for 'The Clash', and failing that survived on unemployment pay.

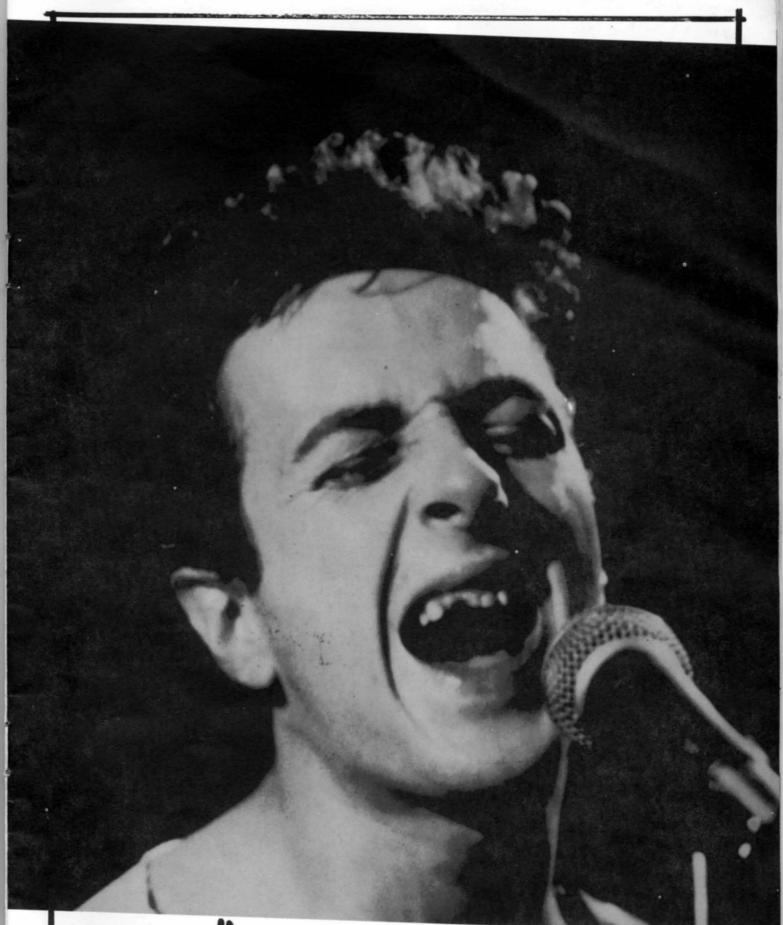
It was in this period that he first chatted to David Mingay, in a punk club. "After seeing him around the music scene, I asked him to be in a film. He refused to do so for six months, and failed to turn up for filming dates. Finally he agreed to be filmed, "for the money" he says, but perhaps because his suspicions of such things had been allayed." As soon as his filming was completed he left for California on Freddy Laker, and now has a green card, a job as construction worker, and an American wife. He left because he saw no future for himself in England.

His contribution to the script can't be overlooked.

RUDE

- the Musical Numbers

pening Theme	REVOLUTION ROCK	Instrumental	The Clash	
ay Arrested	REVOLUTION ROCK	Repeat	The Clash	
ive	POLICE & THIEVES	Barbarella's Birmingham	The Clash	
Ray in Market	POLICE & THIEVES	Reggae Shop	Junior Murvin	
Live	GARAGELAND	Rehearsal	The Clash	
Ray in Club	WRECK-A-BUDDY	Disco	Soul Sisters	
Live	LONDON'S BURNING	Victoria Park, London Open Air Carnival	The Clash	
	WHITE RIOT	11	II.	
Touring Starts	REVOLUTION ROCK	Instrumental	The Clash	
Live	WHITE MAN AT HAMMER- SMITH PALAIS	Glasgow Apollo	The Clash	
	U.S.A.	11	11	
		11	11	
	JANIE JONES WHITE RIOT	n	11	
Live	THE PRISONER	Aberdeen Civic Hall	The Clash	
Paul in Hotel	JOHNNY-TOO-BAD	Cassette Recorder	The Slickers	
Live	TOMMY GUN	Dunfermline Cinema	The Clash	
Ray controls	RIOT	Diseo	Bob Marley	
Bus Stop	REVOLUTION ROCK	Instrumental	The Clash	
Studio	ALL THE YOUNG PUNKS	Recording Studio	Joe Strummer	
Studio	STAY FREE	Recording Studio	Mick Jones Vocal	
Ray Sleeps	RUDI CAN'T FAIL	Rudi Theme (Distant)	The Clash	
Live	COMPLETE CONTROL	Music Machine, London	The Clash	
	SAFE EUROPEAN HOME WHAT'S MY NAME?	n	11	
Live	NO REASON	Rehearsal	Joe Strummer Piano/Vocal	
Live	I FOUGHT THE LAW	Lyceum, London	The Clash	
Finale/Closing	RUDI CAN'T FAIL	Theme	The Clash	



Joe's teeth

Garagerand

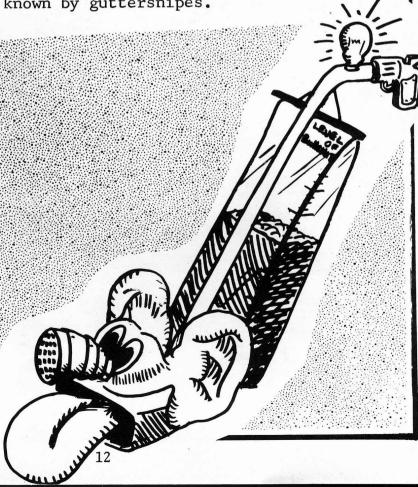
Back in the garage with my bullshit detector, Carbon monoxide make sure it's effective, People ringing up, making offers for my life, But I just wanna stay in the garage all night.

We're a garage band. We come from garageland.

Meanwhile things are hotting up in the West End alright, There's contracts in the offices, and groups in the night. Oh my bummin' slummin' friends, they've all got new boots, And someone just asked me if the group would wear suits.

We're a garage band. We come from garageland.

I don't wanna go to where the rich are going.
I don't wanna know about what the rich are doing.
They think they're so clever, they think they're so right,
But the truth is only known by guttersnipes.



Lowoon's Burning

All across the town, all across the night, Everybody's driving with full head lights. Black and white you turn it on to face the new religion, Everybody's sitting round watching television.

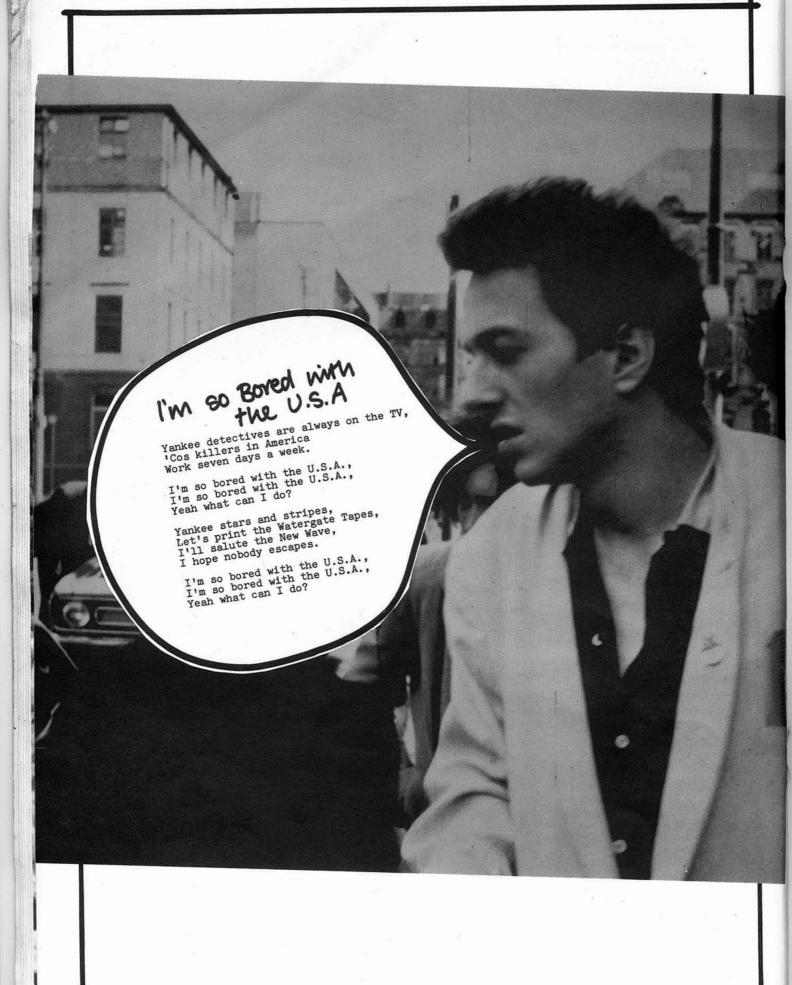
London's burning with boredom now! London's burning dial 999.

Up and down the Westway, in and out the lights, A great traffic system, it's so bright. I can't think of a better way to spend the night, Than speeding around in the yellow lights.

London's burning with boredom now! London's burning dail 999.









Tommy gum

Tommy Gun, you ain't happy less you got one. Tommy Gun, headin' for the grave carrying one. Maybe he wants to die for the money, Maybe he wants to kill for his country, Whatever he wants, he's gonna get it.

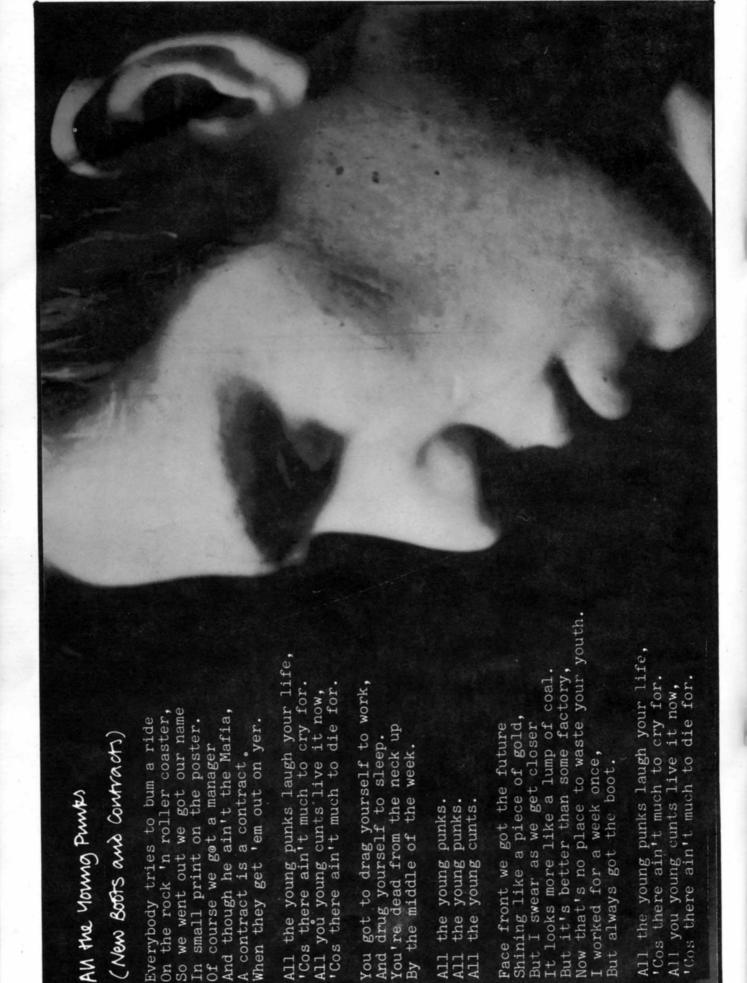
Tommy Gun, you'll be dead when your war is won. Tommy Gun, headin' for the grave carrying one. I can watch you make it on the 9 o'clock news, Standing there in Palestine lighting the fuse, Whatever you want, you're gonna get it.

Tommy Gun, you'll be dead when your war is won.
Tommy Gun, but did you have to gun down everyone?
I can see it's kill or be killed,
A nation of destiny has gotta be fulfilled,
Whatever you want, you're gonna get it.

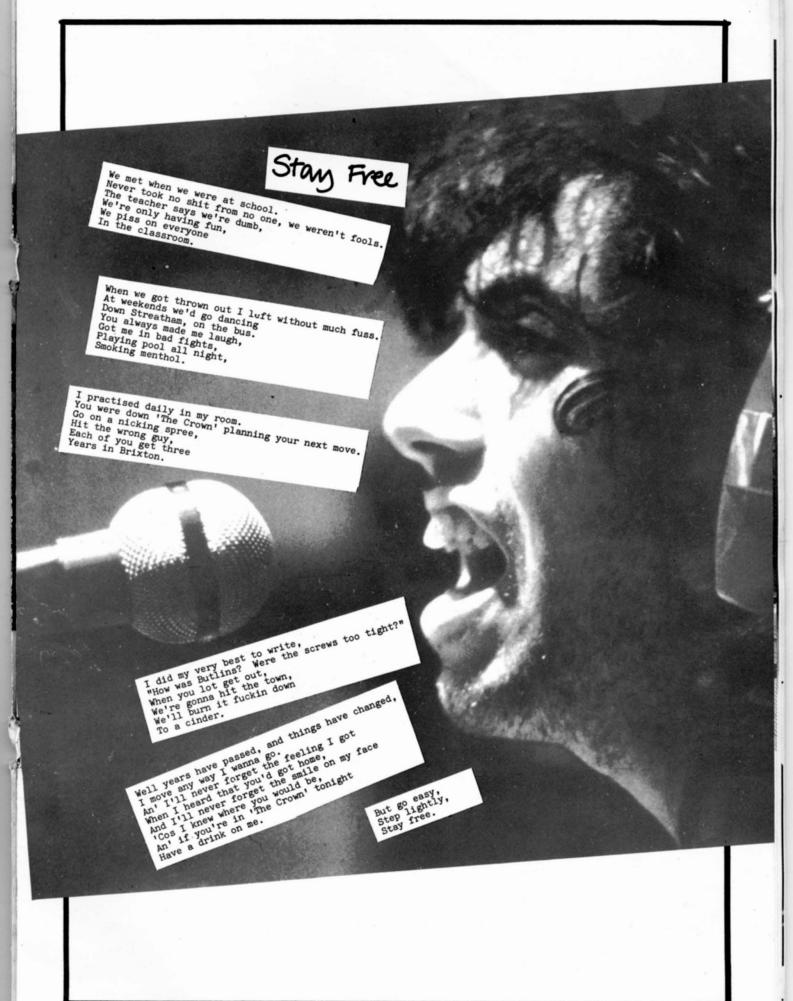
Tommy Gun, you can be a hero in an age of none.
Tommy Gun, I'm cutting out your picture from Page One.
I'm gonna get a jacket just like yours,
An' give my false support to your cause,
Whatever you want you're gonna get it.

Alright.

Boats and tanks and planes, it's your game. Kings and queens and generals learn your name. I've seen pictured innocents, day and night, If death comes so cheap, then the same goes for life.



All



Complete Control

OOOOOXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX They said "Release Remote Control", But we didn't want it on the label. They said "Fly to Amsterdam", The people laughed but the press went mad.

Ohhhh Ooh Someon's really smart! Ohhhh Ooh Complete Control, that's a laugh!

On the last tour, my mates they couldn't get in, I'd open up the back door but they'd get run out again. At every hotel we was met by the law, Come for the party to make sure.

Ohhh Ooh Someone's really smart! Ooh Ohhh Ooh Complete Control, that's a laugh! 0oh

They said we'd be artistically free When we signed that bit of paper, They meant "Let's make a lotta monee An worry about it later".

Ohhh Ooh Someone's really smart! Ohhh Ooh Complete Control, that's a laugh! Ooh

I don't trust you, So why trust me? Oohh All over town spread fast
"They're dirty, they're filthy,
They ain't gonna last".

Control, Jesus Control, C.O.N. Control, Control. Get it up. Back it up. Back it up. Shout it out. C.O.N. Control Well alright.

Shootin, Shootin.

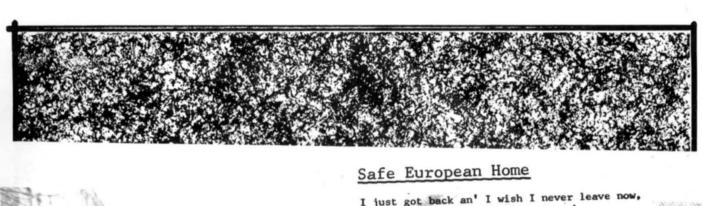
You bow down today,

This is Joe Public speaking, Controlled in the body, Controlled in the mind.

This is punk, sing up, rock it, get it up a rock it.

X..... C.O.N. Control.





I just got back an' I wish I never leave now, Martian arrival at the airport, yeah. How many local dollars for a local anaesthetic? The johnny on the corner was very sympathetic.

I went to the place where every white face is an invitation to robbery.

An' sitting here in my safe European home, I don't wanna go back there again.

Wasn't I lucky, an wouldn't it be luverly?
Sent a postcard an' I mail it on a Sunday.
I was here for 2 seeks, how come I never tell now,
That next trend drinks at the Sheraton Hotel yeah.

I went to place where every white face Is an inversion to rebbery, in my safe European home,

they got the pain trees,
shey of the tarks,
come, she same of it movie

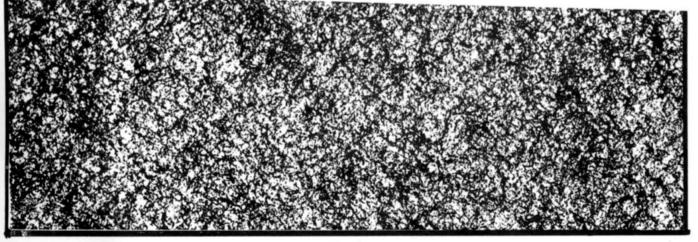
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The my safe forepers have been safe before a best store a gradual.

moderate to large team and the second team and

maile, rudie, rudie, rudie, ruh, dain boy, sodie bnow. Rudie, rudie, rudie, rudie, ruh, rudie, rudie, rudie, rudie, ruh,

Rudie shoots, rudie loots, Noone knows what yer rude boy knows.



No Reason Ain't got no reason to drag around, I'm the right kind of colour In the white part of town. But all the people down in Brixton town Say: "Hey white boy Won't you lend me a pound?" Ain't got no pound, Nor any dollar nor a quid. I'd pick my own pocket, if I did, I got the same chances as any black man do, They say: "White boy, Your new job is through"

Well the black man got the rhythm, And white man got the law, And I know which one I'd be lookin' for. Don't care about the country,

Going to rack and ruin.
The whole world will follow,
And they'll be singing this tune.



Breakin' rocks in the hot sun,
I fought the law, and the law won.
Yeah, I fought the law, and the law won.
I needed money 'cos I had none,
I fought the law and the law won,
I fought the law and the law won.

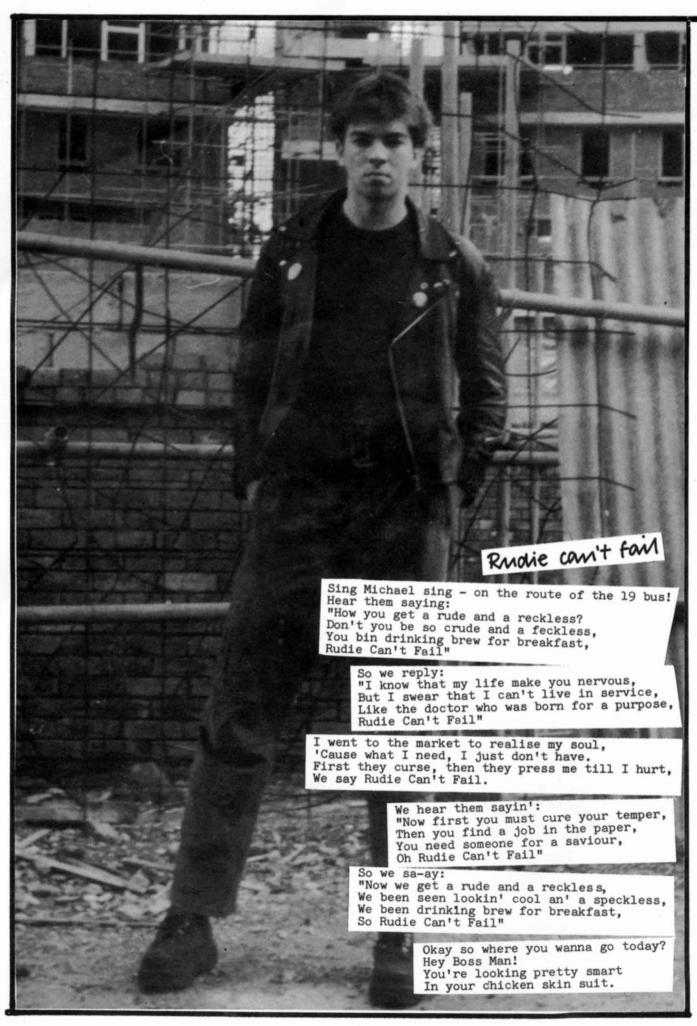
Killed my baby - felt so bad,
Guess my race is run,
The sweetest little woman that I ever had.
I fought the law and the law won,
I fought the law and the law won.

Robbin' people with a six gun,
I fought the law and the law won,
I fought the law and the law won.
I left my girl and all her fun,
I fought the law and the law won,
I fought the law and the law won.

Killed my baby - feel so bad,
Guess my race is run,
The sweetest little woman that I ever had,
I fought the law and the law won,
I fought the law and the law won.

I fought the law and the law won, I fought the law and the law won.

MARKET SHEET TO A SECOND OF THE SECOND OF





Formed in 1976 when Mick Jones and Paul Simonon under the manager Bernard Rhodes chose Joe Strummer as a singer. Bernard Rhodes had been a partner of Malcolm McLaren who invented 'The Sex Pistols' - and Bernard split from him to form 'The Clash' as a separate enterprise. The group played first at the ICA in '76, and then went on the Anarchy Tour of England as support group to the Pistols. Their break with the Anarchy movement was finalised when they pulled out of co-operation over the use of swastika arm-bands.

In 1977 they produced the first Punk L.P. 'The Clash', and singles like White Riot. They played the Rainbow in June 1977 where the audience pulled up the seats. In December 1977 they filled the Rainbow for three nights. Jones asked Bernard when he booked the hall, "will anyone come?"

In January 1978 a new drummer Topper Nicky Headon joined the group to replace several predecessors, and later that year they toured England in 'Clash on Parole' Tour (featured in the film).

In October 1978 their second L.P. 'Give 'Em Enough Rope' was completed. They split with Bernard Rhodes at the same time, and announced self-government with a representative Caroline Coon. They toured again in November in Britain, the 'Sort It Out Tour'.

In February 1979 they issued an E.P., including 'I Fought The Law', and made a ten-date U.S.A. Tour. Late in 1979 they made a longer tour of America, completed the new L.P. 'London's Calling' and began a new regular management with Blackhill Enterprises.

So far they have remained in debt to their record company, C.B.S. They consistently refused to play on 'Top of the Pops'. And they were denied airplay on BBC and Capital radios until recently.

In January 1979, 'Time' Magazine called 'Give 'Em Enough Rope' the Album of the Year. In November 1979, a Melody Maker poll of 17 critics voted the first 'Clash' album, the runner-up Album of the Decade.

"They just warma sen records"

Joe Strummer on stage at the Rock Against Racism Carnival,
Victoria Park, Hackney

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THE CLADIT BISCO								
1	Discs (On C.B.S. Records)							
1			Single	Micky Foote				
	1.	White Riot/1977	Single	Micky Foote				
1	2.	London's Burning	L.P.	Micky Foote				
	3.	The Clash		The Clash				
1	4.	Capital Radio Complete Control/City of the Dead	Single	Micky Foote				
	5.	Clash City Rockers/		Micky Foote				
	6.	Jail Guitar Doors	Single	FileRy 200				
	7.	White Man in Hammersmith Palais/ The Prisoner	Single	The Clash				
		Give 'Em Enough Rope	L.P.	Sandy Pearlman				
	8.	Tommy Gun	Single	Sandy Pearlman				
	10	July State of the	Single	Sandy Pearlman				
	11	Tow/Cates of the Wes	E.P.	Clash/Price				
	12	London's Calling/	Single	Guy Stevens				
		Armagideon Time London's Calling	L.P.	Guy Stevens				



Joe was born in Ankara, and went to school in Yorkshire. He dropped out of art school in London to become a street busker in the London Underground (winter season) and in Amsterdam (summer season). Like many other singers he first tested his voice in the Underground Tube corridor echo chamber. He came up for air to join a band called the '101-ers', before quitting to group with younger men in 'The Clash'. "I knew how to sing/and they knew how to play/And one of 'em had a Les Paul/Heart Attack Machine". So he began his songwriting career with Mick Jones. He writes more words to a bar than any other singer, and in real life says less words to a sentence than most.

Mick Jones, 24

Mick was born in Brixton, and went to school there most days (see 'Stay Free'). Then he went to an art school in Notting Hill, in order to form a band. He recruited Paul there, and taught him bass. At this time he lived in an Acton squat, and was connected with the notorious Shepherds Bush anarchists. He really lives for his guitar, and his knowledge and belief in rock 'n roll. This belief has guided the band through their tortuous musical development, and through the horrors of the music business. But Mick still says "I'm not down".

Pan Simonon, 24

Paul was born in Brixton, and went to Notting Hill via Italy. In fact he's partly Belgian. He learnt a few lessons as a kid in Portobello Market. Then he managed to get a scholarship to art school, where he painted. He's designed the band's record covers and clothes, and he's never without a cassette recorder playing the latest music. Paul sings for the first time on 'London Calling', his own song "The Guns of Brixton". His defence against difficult times is to "think about something else"; his defence aginst boredom is his animal jokes, like "the giraffe with the head of an ostrich and the legs of a centipede"

Topper Nicky Headon, 21

Topper was born and bred in Dover, and after a slightly riotous school career, he helped to dig the channel tunnel (now abandoned). Before that, he'd drummed his way backwards and forwards entertaining passengers on the Channel ferries. Then he auditioned for 'Clash' drumming, and opportunity. He moved to London, and became the musical driver of the band. His drums never slow, even when the stage is besieged, and the amps are down. He can replace a broken stick without missing a beat (see the film of "I and afternoon, and keeps fit with Kung Fu.



Jack Hazan

Born in Manchester, England in 1939.
In 1957-60 he studied 'Motion Pictures' at the University of California at Los Angeles. 1960-63, worked as a freelance cameraman and wrote commissioned film scripts. He then returned to England to work as an assistant camerman at the BBC. In 1966 he produced and directed 'Especially at My Time of Life', about London artists. He left the BBC in 1967 to work as a freelance cameraman. In 1969 he directed 'Grant North' featuring the work of painter Keith Grant. In 1970 he began to shoot a film about David Hockney. The film was completed in 1974 'A Bigger Splash', premiered at the Cannes Film Festival. 1977-80: Produced and directed 'Rude Boy' with the Clash.

David Mingan

Born in Sheffield, England in 1945.

1963-66 studied English Literature at Cambridge University and in

1966-67, Film and Drama at Bristol University. 1967-70 he joined
the BBC as Assistant Film Editor. He first collaborated with Jack
Hazan when he edited his film 'Grant North'. He continued the
collaboration by suggesting a film about David Hockney. In 1972 he
also edited Jane Arden's 'The Other Side of the Underneath' and in
1973 Lutz Becker's 'Double Headed Eagle'. In 1974 he completed
'A Bigger Splash'. 1975-77 directed and edited a thirteen part TV
series, 'Cinema The Amazing Years', the birth of the cinema 1897-1916,
and in 1977 edited Bill Douglas' "My Way Home" before starting work
on 'Rude Boy'.

Michael white

Born in Scotland in 1936, producing manager.

He was assistant to Peter Daubeny 1957-61 and with him he presented his first London theatre production 'The Connection in 1961. Since then he has presented countless West End productions including 'Jungle of the Cities'(1962); 'Loot'(1966); 'The Beard' (1968); 'Soldiers' (1968); 'Sleuth' (1969); 'Oh Calcutta' (1969); 'Joseph and The Amazing Technicolour Dreamcoat' (1971); 'The Rocky Horror Show' (1972); 'A Chorus Line' (1975); 'Annie' (1978). Films include 'Moviemakers', Monty Python and the Holy Grail', The Rocky Horror Picture Show' and 'Jabberwocky'.

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585 Boylston Street Boston, Mass. 02116

Stramo Ray Gamge The clash



Munic million by: Joe Strummer

Produced + directed by Jack Hazan

Danid Mingay

A Michael White Presentation